Opening Remarks

• Welcome and Introductions - Rep Toni Walker and Under Sec. Marc Pelka
  • Approval of October 2022 Meeting Minutes

• Overview of Meeting- Erika Nowakowski, Tow Youth Justice Institute
  • JJPOC 2024 Recommendations Released on Monday, November 20, 2023
  • JJPOC Member Feedback Due by Monday, December 4, 2023
  • JJPOC Final Package of Recommendations Sent out Monday, December 11, 2023
  • JJPOC Voting Meeting Thursday, December 14, 2023
Meeting Agenda

- Announcements

- JBCSSD Order to Detain Policies
  - Gary Roberge, Executive Director

- JBCSSD Juvenile Delinquency Flowchart
  - Tasha Hunt, Director of Juvenile Probation

- Cross Agency Data Sharing Workgroup Annual Report
  - Bryan Sperry, Deputy Director of Information Technology

- Equity Dashboard Update
  - Kevin Neary, Research Unit Director, OPM CJPPD

- P20WIN
  - Scott Gaul, Chief Data Officer, OPM Data and Policy Analytics Division
  - Katie Breslin, Outreach and Engagement Coordinator, OPM Data and Policy Analytics Division
Juvenile System Information Sharing Protocol for Orders to Detain
Pursuant to General Statutes Section 46b-121(b)(1), General Statutes Section 54-76l(c), and General Statutes Section 46b-124(e):

- Authorizes the release of juvenile case information in delinquency matters.

On September 1, 2021, JBCSSD implemented formal procedures for providing law enforcement officials with juvenile delinquency and adult court records for purposes of obtaining an Order to Detain for a juvenile taken into custody.
Law Enforcement Procedures for Obtaining Delinquency and Adult Court Records for Orders to Detain

CUSTODIAL ARREST

The arresting police officer takes a child into custody and completes the Order to Detain (JD-JM-190) and Law Enforcement Request for Court History for Purposes of an Order to Detain (JD-JM-218).

RECORDS REQUEST

The police officer notifies the local Juvenile Probation Supervisor (during regular business hours) or the designated Juvenile Residential Center (during off hours) of the request for records and emails the JD-JM-218 for completion by Juvenile Probation.

VERIFICATION & RECORDS RELEASE

The Juvenile Probation Supervisor verifies the request for information, obtains adult court records from Bail Services, completes the adult and delinquency court information section of the JD-JM-218, and emails the completed form to the police officer.

REQUEST FOR ORDER TO DETAIN

The police officer submits the completed JD-JM-218 and JD-JM-190 with the Order to Detain affidavit to the Judge.
Expanded Access to Juvenile Records

**Statutory Changes:** Public Act No. 22-115 §§ 5 and 19, effective June 1, 2023, gives municipal agency employees, and their authorized agents, the same access to juvenile delinquency case records that already applies to state or federal entities. It also allows law enforcement officials conducting criminal investigations to have electronic access to “(1) [p]ending juvenile delinquency charges; and (2) any suspended detention orders or prior juvenile adjudications during the ninety days prior to the initiation of such investigation.

**Solution:** JBCSSD completed the addition of search/display of juvenile case records in MA-JEB on June 1, 2023. Law enforcement agencies access this feature in MA-JEB via their existing credentials; documentation was shared with law enforcement agencies via the Branch’s Protective Order Registry fax server and CT Police Chief’s Association.

**Impact:** Since June 1, 2023, there have been 344 record searches by 41 unique law enforcement agencies.
Orders to Detain

Calendar Year 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Granted</th>
<th>Denied</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>354</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>362</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Calendar Year 2023

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Granted</th>
<th>Denied</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>296</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>296</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
JJPOC Pulse-Check
A high-level look at the trend of Juvenile Justice in the State of Connecticut
Objective

• Describe changes to the size of the Juvenile Justice system over time, using Judicial Branch data:
  • Delinquent Referrals to Juvenile Court
  • Admissions to Pre-Disposition Residential Centers
  • Juvenile Probation Population Data
• Annual data, 2010- Q3 2023
  • Some metrics may have narrower date ranges due to data availability
• Intended to provide context to stakeholders
• 2023 data is through end of Q3
• More than three years after the COVID-19 pandemic began, annual referral volume remains lower than pre-pandemic periods
• 2023 is estimated to close out at roughly 6,350 referrals
• Reductions in referral volume have averaged 6% per year since 2013

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD
• 2023 data is through end of Q3
• The proportion of delinquent referrals for Non-Hispanic White and Non-Hispanic Black clients have increased slightly, while the proportion of Hispanic clients has been decreasing.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD
- 2023 data is through end of Q3
- The proportion of referrals between males and females have remained steady.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD*
• 2023 data is through end of Q3
• Much of the reduction in volume is seen among Misdemeanor referrals, with a 56% reduction from 2013 to 2022.
• ‘Other’ includes violations, infractions, statute offenses and unclassified.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD
• 2023 data is through end of Q3
• The result of fewer Misdemeanor offenses are proportionally more Felony referrals in the system.

Charge Type as Percentage of All Referrals

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD*
This visual shows a comparison of the top 10 charges (misdemeanor and felony only) by total referrals for 2017 vs. 2022.

- The most common court referrals continue to be conduct-based misdemeanor offenses.
- Larceny 1 and Larceny 2 have risen on this list as other less severe offenses are less prevalent.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD
### Top Charges

#### Top 10 Charges - 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Charge</th>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Breach of Peace 2nd Deg</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>660</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assault 3rd Deg</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>654</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disorderly Conduct</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>227</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Threatening 2nd Deg</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Larceny 1st Deg</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>159</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interfere With Officer/Resisting</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>158</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Larceny 6th Deg</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>132</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Criminal Mischief 3rd Deg</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Larceny 2nd Deg</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary 3rd Deg</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Top 10 Charges - 2023

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Charge</th>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Breach of Peace 2nd Deg</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>656</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assault 3rd Deg</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>602</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Larceny of MV - 1st Offense</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>379</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disorderly Conduct</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>287</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interfere With Officer/Resisting</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>206</td>
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<tr>
<td>Larceny 6th Deg</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>191</td>
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<tr>
<td>Threatening 2nd Deg</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>144</td>
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<tr>
<td>Burglary 3rd Deg</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Larceny 2nd Deg</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Criminal Mischief 2nd Deg</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>123</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD*

- This visual compares the top 10 charges (misdemeanor and felony only) by total referrals for the first three quarters of 2022 vs 2023.
- Larceny of Motor Vehicle – 1st Offense has seen high prevalence so far in 2023 since being put into effect on Oct. 1, 2022.
Juvenile Probation Supervisors flag court referrals as being motor vehicle theft-involved at the time of case handling, as well as whether the youth was a driver or passenger.

This visual shows the total number of delinquent referrals involving motor vehicle theft by quarter.

In 2023, there has been an increase in auto-theft related charges for passengers in auto-theft arrest events.

The number of court referrals for drivers of stolen vehicles has remained somewhat even with prior quarters.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD*
Increases in court referrals for passengers is more prevalent in larger cities.

Chart compares larger cities, an aggregate of referrals in New Haven, Hartford, Bridgeport, and Waterbury, with smaller jurisdictions.
Looking more closely at MVT-related court referrals in CT's largest cities, the increase in passengers becomes more isolated to New Haven and Hartford.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD
• This visual shows a running total of school-related delinquent court referrals for each school year (September – June).

• School year 2023 saw 17% fewer school-related referrals compared to the 2022 school year.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD
2023 data is through end of Q3

Pre-disposition detention admissions continue to contract on an annual basis

Calendar Year 2023 estimated admission totals (850) represent a 65% decrease from 2013.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD
This visual shows the average number of children in the juvenile probation population, broken down by pre-disposition (intake) and post-disposition (supervision) cases.

- Fewer youth are present in the system on any given day.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD
This visual shows the average quarterly juvenile probation supervision population broken down by supervision level as determined by the PrediCT assessment.

Risk of youth on probation supervision has changed, due primarily to algorithmic changes to the PrediCT assessment.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD*
A larger proportion of children on probation present higher levels of risk.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD*
Dispositions to Probation with Residential Placement (REGIONS) have remained below pre-pandemic levels.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD*
The majority of placements are to a REGIONS hardware-Secure facility.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD*
This visual shows the top 10 programs by number of referrals comparing the first three quarters of 2019 to the first three quarters of 2023, and the length of stay for each program.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program Referrals - 2019</th>
<th>Count of Referrals</th>
<th>Avg. Length of Stay (days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Linking Youth to Natural Community</td>
<td>422</td>
<td>133.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational Support Services</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>218.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multisystemic Therapy (MST)</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>111.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mentoring</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>39.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hamilton</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>15.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>117.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescent Sexual Behavior Treatment and Education Program</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>155.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermediate Residential</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>75.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boys Respite and Assessment Center</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>46.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homecare</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>120.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program Referrals - 2023</th>
<th>Count of Referrals</th>
<th>Avg. Length of Stay (days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Linking Youth to Natural Community</td>
<td>578</td>
<td>95.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational Support Services</td>
<td>307</td>
<td>80.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multisystemic Therapy (MST)</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>52.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employer Recruitment Services</td>
<td>143</td>
<td>99.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Credible Messenger</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>97.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Boys Respite and Assessment Center</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>54.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermediate Residential</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>70.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Diversion and Respite Center</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>41.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work to Learn</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>83.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescent Sexual Behavior Treatment and Education Program</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>96.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD*
The percentage of children who remain arrest-free throughout probation supervision has remained relatively stable.

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD*
This visual shows the 12-month re-arrest rate annually broken out by supervision/risk level per the PrediCT assessment.

- 2023 data is through end of Q3

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD*
Adjudication rates in the year following supervision start remain below 50% for all risk levels.

2023 data is through end of Q3

*Data provided by CT Judicial Branch – CSSD*
Questions?

• For more information please reach out to Bryan.Sperry@jud.ct.gov
JUVENILE JUSTICE EQUITY DASHBOARD
DEVELOPMENT UPDATE
Presentation to the Juvenile Justice Policy Oversight Committee

NOVEMBER 16, 2023

Presented by:
Maurice Reaves, Assistant Division Director
Kevin Neary, Research Unit Director

Office of Policy and Management
Criminal Justice Policy and Planning Division
Connecticut’s Juvenile Justice Equity Dashboard: April 2023 Launch

• After a live demo to the JJPOC, Connecticut’s Juvenile Justice Equity Dashboard tool launched publicly in April, with the release of the Delinquent Referrals measure and About this Dashboard webpages.

• Through October 31, 2023 the Equity Dashboard Delinquent Referrals data story averaged just over 200 views per month.

**Equity Dashboard Delinquent Referrals Website Traffic – April through October 2023**
Implemented numerous improvements to Delinquent Referrals site design

- Key accomplishments include:
  - Added Delinquent Referral data for 2023 Q1-Q3
  - Developed procedures to swiftly transform and update Delinquent Referral site with new quarterly data.
  - Enhanced visual elements and color coding to better support site accessibility.
  - Improved site elements for simpler navigation of supporting text.

Developed a 2nd site to display data regarding case dispositions involving a first-time felony:

- Developed scripts to incorporate Judicial Branch extract data for this measure for use in the dashboard site.
- Calculated and developed supporting documentation regarding a Relative Rate Index for this measure.
- Created additional layers of visualizations to analyze specific case disposition types over time and court district.
- Conducted extensive quality control checks on data and supporting calculations.
- Shared a demonstration version of this measure with key project stakeholders at the beginning of October 2023.
Equity Dashboard Development: Current Timeline

- Draft data assessment: January-April 2022
- Initial data needs assessment: April-July 2022
- Initial draft dashboard development: May-October 2022
- Initial draft dashboard demonstration: October-Nov. 2022
- Site launch: January-April 2023 (includes:
  - Initial Measure
  - Key Supporting pages)
- Second measure: May-Nov. 2023
- Fourth measure: April-September 2024
- Third measure: Dec.-April 2024
- Future site expansion to include additional measures: Late 2024 onward

Current development stage
Connecticut’s Juvenile Justice Equity Dashboard: Demonstration of First-Time Felony Disposition Measure

In early November 2023, the dashboard project team recently launched the second measure examining dispositions of juvenile cases involving a first-time felony.


This measure includes data on case dispositions involving a first-time felony between 2019 and 2022.

- 2023 data will be available in early 2024

The team also developed a supplemental page to provide more understanding of Relative Rate Index calculations.
THANK YOU

**OPM wishes to acknowledge the contributions of:**
**Court Support Services Division, Judicial Branch**
**Data and Policy Analytics Unit, Office of Policy and Management**
**Tow Youth Justice Institute**

As well as the assistance of OPM CJPPD Research Unit staff
Presentation to the Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee
Thursday, November 16, 2023
P20 WIN Overview

P20 WIN (The Preschool through 20 Workforce Information Network) is Connecticut’s state longitudinal data system and is the mechanism by which data from multiple agencies are matched to address critical policy questions.

P20 WIN is codified Sec. 10a-57g of the Connecticut General Statutes and establishes decision-making processes while giving the P20 WIN Executive Board the ability to establish committees as needed.

P20 WIN is administered by the Office of Policy and Management (OPM) which provides program management to support the continued operation and improvement of P20 WIN as a resource for the participating agencies and the State.
Purpose

P20 WIN facilitates data sharing across Participating Agencies in order to answer research and policy questions.

• P20 WIN is used to answer policy questions, fulfill federal and state reporting requirements; support program review; inform school districts of postsecondary outcomes; provide employment and wage outcome data; and support research and analysis on a variety of topics.

• Only data that has removed personally identifying information can be used for analysis.
• Department of Labor (DOL) – Also the Data Integration Hub
• CT State Department of Education (CSDE)
• CT Technical Education and Career System (CTECS)
• Department of Correction (DOC)
• Department of Children and Families (DCF)
• Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services (DMHAS)
• Department of Social Services (DSS)
• Office of Early Childhood (OEC)
• Office of Higher Education (OHE)
• CT Conference of Independent Colleges (CCIC)
• CT State Colleges and Universities (CSCU)
• University of Connecticut (UConn)
• CT Coalition to End Homelessness (CCEH)
• Judicial Branch Court Support Services (JBCSSD)
Governance Structure

P20 WIN has a governance structure that allows for the implementation of necessary policies and procedures for a multi-agency Data Sharing system to address broad policy questions and state needs.

- **The Executive Board** advances the vision and support policies that promote Data Sharing, adds new Participating Agencies, and more.
- **The Data Governing Board** approves policies that make P20 WIN operational and responds to data requests.
- **Data Stewards** are identified by each Participating Agency to maintain and create datasets for approved data requests.
The P20 WIN Learning Agenda reflects the priority issues and burning questions of the State of Connecticut and P20 WIN Participating Agencies.

### College and Career Success
- How do the labor market outcomes differ between high school graduates and college graduates in CT?

### Student Readiness
- What are the effects of affordable pre-k on school diversity, student outcomes and parental labor supply?

### Financial Aid
- What is the impact of the Roberta P Willis Scholarship Program?

### Workforce Training
- What are the outcomes for participants in workforce training programs?

### Overcoming Barriers to Success
- To what degree are young people in CT at-risk and/or disconnected from school, work and other pro-social institutions?
Learning Agenda

Questions Addressed in 2023
1. At-Risk and Disconnected Youth in Connecticut
2. An Analysis of Postsecondary Outcomes of CT Youth
3. Manufacturing Skills for Connecticut
4. College and Career Readiness

Questions for 2024
1. Crossover youth
2. What is the Interaction between homelessness and other systems?
3. What are the outcomes of participants in workforce training programs? What are the career pathways of CT residents?
4. Dual enrollment between K-12 and postsecondary institutions
Data Request Process

P20 WIN accepts data requests from policy makers, researchers, evaluators or other data users who need data from two or more of the P20 WIN Participating Agencies.

Support P20 WIN’s Learning Agenda

Data requests should align with either a participating agency’s individual research agenda or P20 WIN research interests, which are summarized in the Learning Agenda.

The Process

1. Requesters submit a short proposal that summarizes the scope and purpose of the data request.
2. Requestors then submit a formal Data Request form, which includes the requested data elements from each agency. The Data Governing Board approves, approves with modifications or rejects data requests.
3. If approved a data sharing agreement (DSA) is signed by all parties in the data request.
4. Once the data match is completed, the Data recipient receives analytic data files and a generic ID crosswalk for analysis.
Questions?

Contact:
Katie Breslin, Outreach and Engagement Coordinator
katie.breslin@ct.gov

Scott Gaul, Chief Data Officer
scott.gaul@ct.gov
Appendix
Data Dictionary

The P20 WIN data dictionary contains data elements that are typically utilized in P20 WIN data requests. Participating Agencies from whom the data are requested will determine if the data elements are available and whether they may be included in a data request.

The specific elements used to match datasets depend on the participating agencies involved in a request and the data sets being matched.

The following elements are examples of identifiers that may be used to match data between participating agencies:

- First Name
- Last Name
- Middle Name
- Date of Birth
- Social Security Number (SSN)
Legal Agreements

P20 WIN uses enterprise agreements to facilitate the data sharing process across Participating Agencies. The agreements include an Enterprise Memorandum of Understanding and Data Sharing Agreements.

Enterprise Memorandum of Understanding (eMOU)
- Signed by executive leadership from all Participating Agencies of P20 WIN
- Facilitates the operation of the system
- Establishes the governance structure and request management process
- Sets security and privacy standards

Data Sharing Agreements (DSA)
- A formal document signed by the Participating Agencies, Data Integration Hub and the data recipient for an approved data request.
  - Clearly details what data are being shared and how the data can be used.
- Includes provisions concerning access and dissemination, including:
  - Requirements to access specific data
  - Confidentiality and disclaimers
  - Data destruction
  - Time limits
Learning Products

• **Webinars**
  - Higher education engagement webinar (Fall/Winter 2023)
  - College and career readiness analysis webinar (Fall/Winter 2023)

• **Research Collaborations**
  - Interagency Council on the Achievement Gap (9/19, virtual)
  - Scholars Strategy Network (9/27, Hartford)
  - UConn Research Faculty (11/13, Storrs)

• **Policy and Issue Briefs**
  - At-Risk and Disconnected Youth in CT (released October 2023)

• **Publications**
  - P20 WIN Annual Report
JJPOC 2024 Recommendations

- JJPOC 2024 Recommendation Outline
  - Gender Responsiveness Workgroup – Defining the Workgroup in statute
  - Reentry Subgroup – Reentry Success Plan
  - Education Workgroup – School Disciplinary History Disclosure on College Applications

- JJPOC 2024 Recommendation Timeline
  - JJPOC 2024 Recommendations Released on Monday, November 20, 2023
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